

Q1. Punched Cards were first introduced by:

- a) Powers
- b) Jacquard
- c) Pascal
- d) Herman Hollerith**
- e) None of The Above

Q2. Word Length of a Personal Computer is _____:

- a) 4 Bits
- b) 8 Bits**
- c) 16 Bits
- d) None of The Above

Q3. Operating Systems, editors and debuggers comes under:

- a) System Software**
- b) Application Software
- c) Utilities
- d) None of The Above

Q4. Which among the following device is required for the Internet Connection?

- a) Joystick
- b) Modem**
- c) CD Drive
- d) None of The Above

Q5. DMA stands for:

- a) Direct Memory Access**
- b) Direct Module Access
- c) Direct Memory Access
- d) None of The Above

Q6. When did John Napier develop logarithm:

- a) 1614**
- b) 1416
- c) 1641
- d) None of The Above

Q7. The Second Generation computer was based on:

- a) Vacuum Chips
- b) Silicon Chips
- c) Transistor**
- d) Bio Chips

Q8. BIOS stands for:

- a) Basic Input Output Software
- b) Basic Input Output System**
- c) Basic Input Output Standards

d) None of The Above

Q9. What do you call a single point on a computer screen?

- a) Cell
- b) Element
- c) Pixel**
- d) None of The Above

Q10. How was the generation of computer classified?

- a) by the speed of the computer
- b) by the model of the computer
- c) by the device used in memory & processor**
- d) by the accuracy of the computer
- e) None of The Above

Q11. Through which device the main components of the computer communicates with each other:

- a) System Bus**
- b) Keyboard
- c) Monitor
- d) None of The Above

Q12. Which is a valid program to access the internet?

- a) Access
- b) Front Page
- c) Netscape**
- d) None of The Above

Q13. Which one is the Low Level Language?

- a) Assembly**
- b) Visual Basic
- c) Java
- d) C++
- e) None of The Above

Q14. Which is a volatile memory?

- a) ROM
- b) BIOS
- c) PROM
- d) RAM**
- e) None of The Above

Q15. The digital signals can be represented by:

- a) Binary Codes
- b) 0 and 1
- c) High and Low

d) All of The Above

e) None of The Above

Q16. _____ is used for scanning the pictures and putting them in digitized form in the computer:

a) CD-ROM

b) Plotter

c) Scanner

d) None of The Above

Q17. Which among the following is correct?

a) 1 KB = 8 Bytes

b) 1 MB = 8 KB

c) 1 KB = 1024 Bytes

d) None of The Above

Q18. Who is known as the father of Computer Science?

a) Charles Babbage

b) Herman Hollerith

c) James Gosling

d) None of The Above

Q19. A personal computer (PC) is a _____ computer:

a) Super

b) Main Frame

c) Micro

d) None of The Above

Q20. Full Form of RAM:

a) Random Access Memory

b) Read Access Memory

c) Rapid Access Memory

d) None of The Above

Q21. A Page Fault occurs:

a) When the Page is not in Memory

b) When the Page is in the Memory

c) When the process is in the ready state

d) None of The Above

Q22. What is a shell?

a) It is a hardware component

b) It is a command Interpreter

c) It is a part in computer

d) None of The Above

Q23. Multi-programming systems _____:

a) Are easier to develop than single programming systems

b) Execute each job faster

c) Execute more jobs in the same time

d) None of The Above

Q24. PCB stands for:

a) Process Control Block

b) Printed Circuit Board

c) Both of The Above

d) None of The Above

Q25. FIFO scheduling is:

a) Preemptive Scheduling

b) Non Preemptive Scheduling

c) Deadline Scheduling

d) None of The Above

Q26. A thread is a _____:

a) lightweight process where the context switching is low

b) lightweight process where the context switching is high

c) is used to speed up paging

d) None of The Above

Q27. _____ sent data or instructions to the computer:

a) Digital

b) Output

c) Input

d) None of The Above

Q28. The input device most commonly used to enter text would be the:

a) Bar Code Reader

b) Microphone

c) Keyboard

d) None of The Above

Q29. Most Keyboards use an arrangement of keys given the name:

a) Dvork

b) QWERTY

c) CISC

d) None of The Above

Q30. A key that turns a function on or off are called a _____ key:

a) Power

b) Toggle

c) Control

d) None of The Above

Q31. Computer was invented by:

a) John Vincent

b) Mark Steven

c) **Charles Babbage**

d) None of These

Q32. Word "COMPUTER" was first used in:

a) 1749

b) 1592

c) **1613**

d) None of These

Q33. Which was first Computer Company?

a) Digital Electronics

b) Com-Techno Limited

c) **Electronic Controls Company**

d) None of These

Q34. Memory:

a) is an device that performs a sequence of operations specified by instructions in memory

b) is a sequence of instructions

c) **is the device where information is stored**

d) None of The Above

Q35. A program:

a) is a device that performs a sequence of operations specified by instructions in memory

b) **is a sequence of instructions**

c) is the device where information is stored

d) None of The Above

Q36. Which is the Brain of the Computer:

a) CPU

b) Software

c) Both

d) None of These

Q37. Which of the following is not hardware?

a) Microprocessor

b) Monitor

c) **Microsoft Word**

d) None of These

Q38. Who among the following is father of 'C' Language:

a) Ericsson

b) **Dennis Ritchie**

c) A.S. Douglas

d) None of These

Q39. Founder of E-Mail:

a) James Gosling

b) **Shiva Ayyadurai**

c) Ajay V. Bhatt

d) None of These

Q40. What is Output?

a) What the processor takes from the user

b) **What the processor gives to the user**

c) What the processor gets from the user

d) None of These

Q41. An error in a computer program is:

a) Crash

b) **Bug**

c) Power Failure

d) None of These

Q42. Microsoft Word was first released in:

a) 1984

b) **1983**

c) 1985

d) None of These

Q43. First time after establishment, MS - Word was known as:

a) Multi Work Word

b) **Multi ToolWord**

c) Multi Task Word

d) None of These

Q44. MS Word is written in:

a) Java

b) **C++**

c) C

d) None of These

Q45. What is an Excel:

a) A Graphic Program

b) **A Spreadsheet**

c) A Presentation Software

d) None of The Above